Modern C++ Programming

1. INTRODUCTION

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University of Verona, Dept. of Computer Science 2020, v3.02



"When recruiting research assistants, I look at grades as the last indicator. I find that **imagination**, **ambition**, **initiative**, **curiosity**, **drive**, are far better predictors of someone who will do useful work with me. Of course, these characteristics are themselves correlated with high grades, but there is something to be said about a student who decides that a given course is a waste of time and that he works on a side project instead.

Breakthroughs don't happen in regular scheduled classes, they happen in side projects. We want people who complete the work they were assigned, but **we also need people who can reflect critically on what is genuinely important**"

Daniel Lemire, Prof. at the University of Quebec 1/41

Academic excellence is not a strong predictor of career excellence

"Across industries, research shows that the correlation between grades and job performance is modest in the first year after college and trivial within a handful of years... Academic grades rarely assess qualities like creativity, leadership and teamwork skills, or social, emotional and political intelligence. Yes, straight-A students master cramming information and regurgitating it on exams. But career success is rarely about finding the right solution to a problem — it's more about finding the right problem to solve..."

Getting straight A's requires conformity. **Having an** *influential career demands originality*

This might explain why Steve Jobs finished high school with a 2.65 G.P.A., J.K. Rowling graduated from the University of Exeter with roughly a C average, and the Rev. Dr. Martin Luther King Jr. got only one A in his four years at Morehouse

If your goal is to graduate without a blemish on your transcript, you end up taking easier classes and staying within your comfort zone. If you're willing to tolerate the occasional B...**You gain experience coping with failures and setbacks, which builds resilience**. Straight-A students also miss out socially. More time studying in the library means less time to start lifelong friendships, join new clubs or volunteer...Looking back, I don't wish my grades had been higher. If I could do it over again, I'd study less

Adam Grant, the New York Times

www.nytimes.com/2018/12/08/opinion/college-gpa-career-success.html

"And programming computers was so fascinating. You create your own little universe, and then it does what you tell it to do"

Vint Cerf, TCP/IP co-inventor and Turing Award

"Most good programmers do programming not because they expect to get paid or get adulation by the public, but because it is fun to program"

Linus Torvalds, principal developer of the Linux kernel

"You might not think that programmers are artists, but programming is an extremely creative profession. It's logic-based creativity"

John Romero, co-founder of id Software

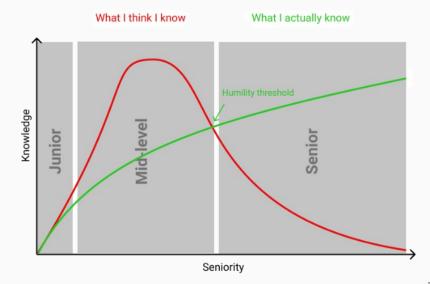
Creativity Programming is extremely creative. The ability to perceive the problem in a novel ways, provide new and original solutions. Creativity allows recognizing and generating alternatives

Form of Art Art is the expression of human creative skills. Every programmer has his own style. Codes and algorithms show elegance and beauty in the same way of painting or music

Learn Programming gives the opportunity to learn new things everyday, improve own skills and knowledges

Challenge Programming is a challenge. A challenge against yourself, the problem, and the environment

Knowledge-Experience Relation



A Little History of C/C++ Programming Language

The Assembly Programming Language

A long time ago, in a galaxy far, far away....there was **Assembly**



- Extremely simple instructions
- Requires lots of code to do simple tasks
- Can express anything your computer can do
- Hard to read, write
- ...redundant, boring programming, bugs proliferation

```
main:
.Lfunc_begin0:
    push rbp
.Lcfi0:
.Lcfi1:
    mov rbp. rsp
.Lcfi2:
    sub rsp, 16
    movabs rdi. .L.str
.Ltmp0:
    mov al, 0
    call printf
    xor ecx. ecx
    mov dword ptr [rbp - 4], eax
    mov eax. ecx
    add rsp, 16
    pop rbp
    ret
.Ltmp1:
.Lfunc end0:
.L.str:
.asciz "Hello World\n"
```

A Little History of C

In the 1969 **Dennis M. Ritchie** and **Ken Thompson** (AT&T, Bell Labs) worked on developing a operating system for a large computer that could be used by a thousand users. The new operating system was called **UNIX**

The whole system was still written in assembly code. Besides assembler and Fortran, UNIX also had an interpreter for the **programming language B**. A high-level language like B made it possible to write many pages of code task in just a few lines of code. In this way the code could be produced much faster then in assembly

A drawback of the B language was that it did not know data-types. (Everything was expressed in machine words). Another functionality that the B language did not provide was the use of "structures". The lag of these things formed the reason for Dennis M. Ritchie to develop the **programming language C**. In 1988 they delivered the final standard definition ANSI C

A Little History of C



Dennis M. Ritchie, and Ken Thompson

```
#include "stdio.h"
int main() {
    printf("Hello World\n");
}
```

A Little History of C

Areas of Application:

- UNIX operating system
- Computer games
- Due to their power and ease of use, C were used in the programming of the special effects for Star Wars



Star Wars - The Empire Strikes Back

The **C++ programming language** (originally named "C with Classes") was devised by **Bjarne Stroustrup** also an employee from Bell Labs (AT&T). Stroustrup started working on C with Classes in 1979. (The ++ is C language operator)

The first commercial release of the C++ language was in October of 1985

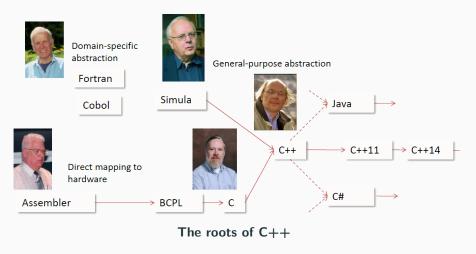


Bjarne Stroustrup

Areas of Application

- Operating systems: Windows, Android, OS X, Linux
- Artificial Intelligence: TensorFlow, Caffe, Microsoft Cognitive Toolkit
- Web browser: Firefox, Chrome, etc. + WebAssembly
- High-Performance Computing, Embedded systems, Multimedia (Adobe Photoshop)
- Scientific applications: Data analysis at CERN/NASA, SETI@home
- Google uses C++ for web indexing
- Others: database (MySQL), compilers (LLVM)
- ... and many more

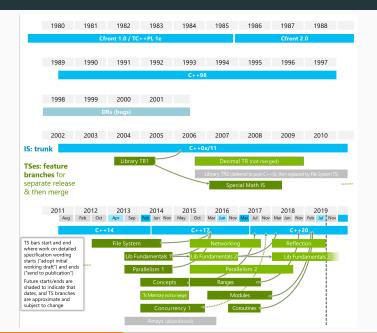
A Little History of C++



From:

"The Evolution of C++Past, Present, and Future", B. Stroustrup, CppCon16

A Little History of C++



C++

C++ Philosophy

- Only add features if they solve an actual problem
- Programmers should be free to choose their own style
- **Compartmentalization** is key
- Allow the programmer **full control** if they want it
- Do not sacrifice **performance** except as a last resort (zero-cost abstraction)
- Enforce safety at compile time whenever possible

Programming Languages Ranking (IEEE Spectrum - 2019)

Rank	Language	Туре				Score
1	Python	⊕		Ģ	٥	100.0
2	Java	⊕	٥	Ģ		96.3
3	С		٥	Ģ	٢	94.4
4	C++		٥	Ģ	٢	87.5
5	R			Ç		81.5
6	JavaScript	⊕				79.4
7	C#	⊕	٥	Ţ	٢	74.5
8	Matlab			Ţ		70.6

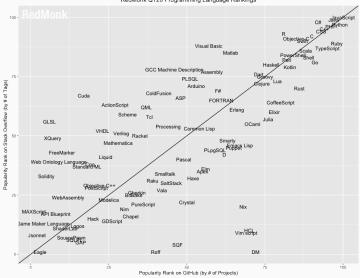
Link: Interactive: The Top Programming Languages 2019 Source: Google Search/Trends, Twitter, Github, Stack Overflow, IEEE Xplore Digital Library

Most Popular Programming Languages (TIOBE - 2019)

Programming Language	Ratings
Java	17.358%
С	16.766%
Python	9.345%
C++	6.164%
C#	5.927%
Visual Basic .NET	5.862%
JavaScript	2.060%
PHP	2.018%
SQL	1.526%
Swift	1.460%
Go	1.131%
Assembly language	1.111%
R	1.005%

Link: www.tiobe.com/tiobe-index/

Most Popular Programming Languages (Redmonk - Q1, 2020)



RedMonk Q120 Programming Language Rankings

• Extreme performance

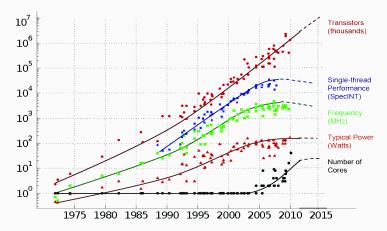
theoretically enables highest performance

- Allow writing low-level code drivers, kernels, etc.
- Many support tools

debuggers, memory checkers, coverage, static analysis, profiling, etc.

Why C++ is so Important?

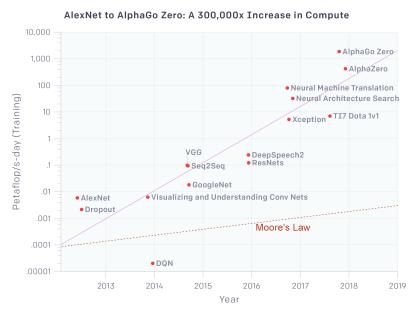
The End of Historical Performance Scaling



Performance limitations influence algorithm design and research directions 2

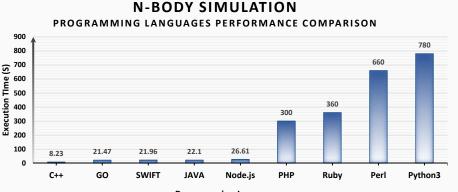
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An Important Example... (AI Evolution)



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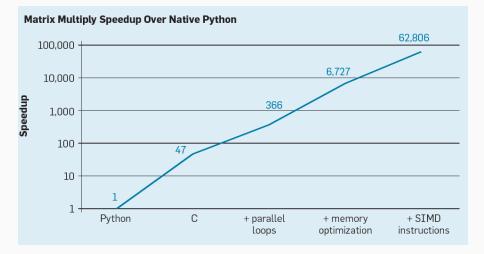
Performance



Programming Language

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Performance



from "A New Golden Age for Computer Architecture", J. L. Heneessey, D. A. Patterson, 2019 24/41

Hello World

Language	Execution Time		
C (on my machine)	0.7 ms		
C	2 ms		
Go	4 ms		
Crystal	8 ms		
Shell	10 ms		
Python	78 ms		
Node	110 ms		
Ruby	150 ms		
jRuby	1.4 s		

from Time to "hello world" on my machine

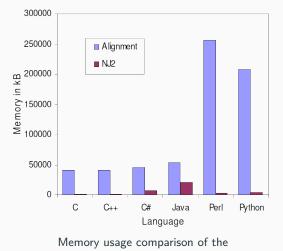
Energy Efficiency

	Energy		Time
(c) C	1.00	(c) C	1.00
(c) Rust	1.03	(c) Rust	1.04
(c) C++	1.34	(c) C++	1.56
(c) Ada	1.70	(c) Ada	1.85
(v) Java	1.98	(v) Java	1.89
(c) Pascal	2.14	(c) Chapel	2.14
(c) Chapel	2.18	(c) Go	2.83
(v) Lisp	2.27	(c) Pascal	3.02
(c) Ocaml	2.40	(c) Ocaml	3.09
(c) Fortran	2.52	(v) C#	3.14
(c) Swift	2.79	(v) Lisp	3.40
(c) Haskell	3.10	(c) Haskell	3.55
(v) C#	3.14	(c) Swift	4.20
(i) Hack	24.02	(i) PHP	27.64
(i) PHP	29.30	(v) Erlang	36.71
(v) Erlang	42.23	(i) Jruby	43.44
(i) Lua	45.98	(i) TypeScript	46.20
(i) Jruby	46.54	(i) Ruby	59.34
(i) Ruby	69.91	(i) Perl	65.79
(i) Python	75.88	(i) Python	71.90
(i) Perl	79.58	(i) Lua	82.91

Energy Efficiency across Programming Languages:

greenlab.di.uminho.pt/wp-content/uploads/2017/09/paperSLE.pdf 26/41

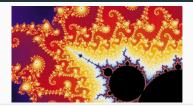
Memory Usage



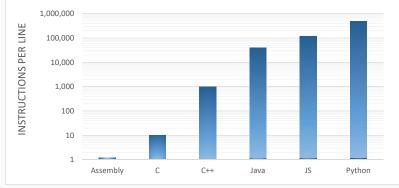
Neighbor-Joining and global alignment programs

BMC Informatic: A comparison of common programming languages 27 used in bioinformatics

Performance/Expressiveness Trade-off



Mandelbrot Static Instructions per Line



 \dots and why teaching C++ as first programming language is a bad idea?

 $C{++}\xspace$ is the hardest language from students to master

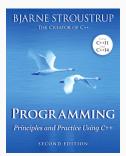
- More languages in one
 - Standard C/C++ programming
 - Object-Oriented features
 - Preprocessor
 - Templates and Meta-Programming
- Huge set of features
- Worry about memory management
- *Low-level implementation details*: pointer arithmetics, structure, padding, undefined behavior, etc.
- Frustrating: compiler/runtime errors (e.g. seg. fault) 29/41

"C makes it easy to shoot yourself in the foot; C++ makes it harder, but when you do it blows your whole leg off" **Bjarne Stroustrup**, Creator of the C++ language

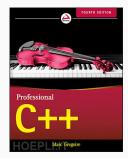
"The problem with using C++... is that there's already a strong tendency in the language to require you to know everything before you can do anything"

Larry Wall, Creator of the Perl language

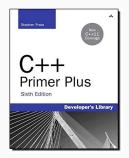
"Despite having 20 years of experience with C++, when I compile a non trivial chunk of code for the first time without any error or warning, I am suspicious. It is not, usually, a good sign" **Daniel Lemire**, Prof. at the University of Quebec



Programming and Principles using C++ (2nd) B. Stroustrup, 2008



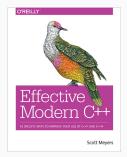
Professional C++ (4th) C++ Primer Plus (6th) S. J. Kleper, N. A. Solter, 2018



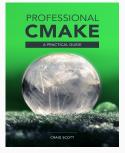
S. Prata, 2011



C++ Templates: The Complete Guide (2nd) D. Vandevoorde, N. M. Josuttis, D. Gregor, 2017

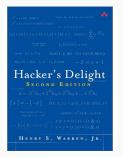


Effective Modern C++ S. Meyer, 2014

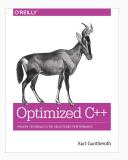


Professinal CMake: A Practical Guide (5th) *C. Scott*, 2019

Optimization Books



Hacker's Delight (2nd) H. S. Warren, 2016



Optimized C++ *K. Guntheroth*, 2014

References

(Un)official C++ references:

- en.cppreference.com
- www.cplusplus.com/reference

Tutorials:

- www.learncpp.com
- www.tutorialspoint.com/cplusplus
- en.wikibooks.org/wiki/C++
- yet another insignificant...programming notes

Other resources:

stackoverflow.com/questions/tagged/c++

Blogs:

- www.bfilipek.com (Bartłomiej Filipek)
- Simplifying C++ (Arne Mertz)
- www.fluentcpp.com (Jonathan Boccara)
- eli.thegreenplace.net (Eli Bendersky)

News:

- www.meetingcpp.com/blog/blogroll/
- cpp.libhunt.com/newsletter/archive
- isocpp.org (Standard C++ Foundation)

Main conferences:

- www.meetingcpp.com (slides)
- cppcon.org (slides)
- isocpp.com conference list

Coding exercises and other resources:

- www.hackerrank.com/domains/cpp
- leetcode.com/problemset/algorithms
- open.kattis.com
- cpppatterns.com

The Course

The Course

The primary goal of the course is to guide the student, who <u>has</u> previous experience with C and object-oriented features, to a proficiency level of C++ programming

Organization:

- 17 lectures
- about 1,000 slides

Roadmap:

- Review basic C concepts in C++ (built-in types, memory management, preprocessing, etc.)
- Introduce object-oriented and template concepts
- Present how to organize the code and the main conventions
- C++ related tools usage (debugger, static analysis, etc.)

What is/What is not

What the course is not:

- A theoretical course on programming
- A high-level concept description

What the course **is**:

- A practical course
- Prefer examples instead long descriptions
- Present many language features
- A "quite" advanced C++ programming language course

Prerequisites:

- Knowledge of C programming language
- Knowledge of object-oriented programming

Who I Am

Federico Busato, Ph.D.



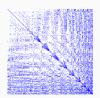


- Research/Work interests:
 - Parallel/High-Performance Computing
 - Graph Algorithms
 - Linear Algebra
 - Code Optimization
- Current Experience: Senior Software Engineer at Nvidia (California, USA) | CUDA Mathematical Libraries

✓ Follow @fedebusato

Principal software engineer of the cuSPARSE library
(+ recruiting)
https://docs.nvidia.com/cuda/cusparse/index.html

A Little Bit about My Work



The cuSPARSE library contains a set of basic linear algebra subroutines used for handling sparse matrices (matrix-matrix multiplication, triangular solver, etc.) on GPU devices

cuSPARSE is part of the CUDA Toolkit (10M downloads in 2019)

cuSPARSE users:

- Industrial (Google, Facebook, DoE, LLNL, etc.)
- Academic (student/researchers/national laboratories)

cuSPARSE applications:

- High-performance numerical solver
- Physic, Simulation, EDA, CAD, Computer Graphics
- (recently) AI/Deep learning

The library:

- More than 300,000 lines of code
- Must provide high performance
- Works on main 32/64-bit OS (Windows, Android, Linux, Mac, etc.)
- Works on main CPU architectures (Intel, AMD, ARM, IBM, etc.), and compilers
- Works on all GPU architectures
- Comprises host (C/C++), device code (CUDA, C++ extension) + assembly, perl, fortran, makefile, etc.
- Supports half-precision floating point, complex numbers, etc.

"What I cannot create, I do not understand"

Richard P. Feynman

"The <u>only</u> way to learn a new programming language is by writing programs in it"

Dennis Ritchie

Creator of the C programming language